

**SPECIFICATION SHEET # 7102, PICKLEWOOD TIMBERS
March 2nd, 2005**

1. Species

Mixed Douglas Fir and Pine. An occasional timber which is not DF or pine is allowed.

2. Source

Pickle producing operations from different locations in North America (these timbers formed cribbing upon which the pickle vats rested)

3. Moisture Content/Stability

Picklewood Timbers are generally fairly wet because of their exposure to the moisture and minerals of the pickling process. Picklewood Timbers are much more stable and less prone to shrinkage than are green timbers.

4. HC/FOHC

Picklewood Timbers are generally HC; usually moderate to very tight growth rings.

5. Metal

Nails, bolts and other fasteners are removed or occasionally cut flush or broken off inside the beam.

6. Holes

Nail, bolt and other fastener holes are allowed; the quantity and size of the holes can vary widely from timber to timber, with some timbers containing no holes or only limited small nail holes and others containing frequent nail and bolt holes. Staining around nail and bolt holes is common.

7. Checking/Cracks

Timbers generally have a check from the heart center to one of the faces of the timber. In addition, timbers can have surface checking and cracks, moderate butt checking and minor end splitting.

8. Surfacing/Coloring

Picklewood Timbers are generally heavily weathered (degree of weathering varies); original timber surfacing ranges from smooth-planed to rough-sawn; weathered timber colors vary -- common colors include browns, grays and combinations of browns and grays.

9. Standard Dimensions

a) Cross-sections: to 10x10; b) Lengths: to 14';
c) Target Dimension Flexibility: dimensions of weathered timbers are often nominal. The more latitude the customer can provide in acceptable timber sizes, the better able Trestlewood is to meet the customer's needs in an economical and timely manner.

10. Available Dimensions

a) Cross-sections: depending on inventory in stock; b) Lengths: depending on inventory in stock; c) Target Dimension Flexibility: The more latitude the customer can provide in acceptable timber sizes, the better able Trestlewood is to meet the customer's timber needs in an economical and timely manner.

11. Appearance Variation

Picklewood Timber characteristics can be expected to vary from piece to piece. Trestlewood believes that appearance variations (no two timbers exactly alike) are one of the selling points of this product line.

12. Weight

Typically, approximately 4 pounds per board foot

13. Grading/Strength

Picklewood Timbers can be graded (WLCB) upon request. Timbers are graded with exception taken for any holes and for mixed species. It is highly recommended that any timbers that are to be used in a structural application be graded.



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14. Mineral Content

Picklewood Timbers have a mineral content as a result of their use as support beams in the pickling process. Such mineral content may cause: i) a pickle smell when the material is fresh cut (such smell dissipates over time and especially when the material is finished), ii) rusting in metal fasteners, iii) the material to attract (and maintain) moisture more than normal wood and iv) unique discoloration of the material which is exposed after cuts are made.