

Species

Douglas Fir

Source

Douglas Fir Rustic Lumber can be produced from a variety of sources, including i) timbers/lumber reclaimed from various salvage projects; ii) timbers/lumber cut from beetle-killed, fire-killed or dead-standing trees; iii) timbers/lumber cut from material which has weathered out of spec; and iv) new timbers/lumber.

Metal

None. Nails or other fasteners used to secure lumber are removed prior to sale of lumber.

Checking/Cracks

Douglas Fir Rustic Lumber can have surface checking and cracks and minor end splitting.

Moisture Content/Stability

The moisture content of timbers and lumber cut from Douglas Fir logs can vary from Air-Dried to Green. Douglas Fir Rustic Lumber should not be considered as stable as reclaimed timbers and lumber.

Standard Dimensions

a) Height: 1" and 2"; b) Widths: 4-12"; c) Lengths: to 16' (some longer lengths are available upon request); d) Target Dimensions: Circle-sawn and bandsawn lumber are targeted at full dimension for widths up to 12", with widths greater than 12" targeted at 1/2" nominal; planed lumber is targeted at 1/4" under full-sawn for height and 3/4" under full-sawn for width; d) Tolerances: circle-sawn +/- 1/4"; band-sawn +/- 1/8"; planed lumber +/- 1/16".

Weight

Typically, 3 pounds per board foot.

Surfacing

Circle-Sawn. Douglas Fir Rustic Lumber can also be Band-Sawn or Planed.

Appearance Variation

Boards can vary in appearance from piece to piece and even within a piece. The characteristics described on this specification sheet generally apply to each board's featured face. The opposite face and edges can differ from the featured face in texture, coloring, and other characteristics unless otherwise noted.

Other

Douglas Fir Rustic timbers and lumber can have some (a) punkiness around their edges and (b) wane.

